Math 3		Name:	KEY
Unit 1.7 Solving Right Triangles PR	ACTICE		
Solve each right triangle.			
1) <i>B</i>	A = 36°20′	B = 53°40′	C = 90°
$\begin{array}{c} a \\ \hline \\ C \\ \hline \\ b \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 964 \text{ m} \\ \hline \\ A \end{array}$	a = 571 m	b = 777 m	c = 964 m
<b>2)</b> B c 35.9 km	A = 31°40′	B = 58°20′	C = 90°
$A \xrightarrow{31^{\circ}40'} C$	a = 35.9 km	b = 58.2 km	c = 68.4 km

M = 38.8°

m = 124 m

51 2

124 m

3)

M

n

P

Solve each right triangle. In each case  $C = 90^{\circ}$ . If angle information is given in degrees and minutes, give answers in the same way. If given decimal degrees, do likewise in answers. When two sides are given, give angles in degrees and minutes.

N = 51.2°

n = 154 m

P = 90°

p = 198 m

4) $A = 28.00^{\circ}, c = 17.4 ft$	$A = 28.00^{\circ}$	$B = 62.00^{\circ}$	C = 90°
	a = 8.17 ft	b = 15.4 ft	c = 17.4 ft
5) $B = 46.00^{\circ}, c = 29.7 m$	A = 44.00°	B = 46.00°	C = 90°
	a = 20.6 m	b = 21.4 m	c = 29.7 m
6) $B = 73.00^{\circ}, b = 128 in.$	A = 17.00°	B = 73.00°	C = 90°
	a = 39.1 in.	b = 128 in.	c = 134 in.
7) $A = 53^{\circ}24'$ , $c = 387.1 ft$	A = 53°24′	B = 36°36′	C = 90°
	a = 310.8 ft	b = 230.8 ft	c = 387.1 ft
8) $b = 219 m, c = 647 m$	A = 70°12′	B = 19°48′	C = 90°
	a = 609 m	b = 219 m	c = 647 m

9) A 13.5 m fire truck ladder is leaning against a wall. Find the distance d the ladder goes up the wall (above the top of the fire truck) if the ladder makes an angle of  $43^{\circ}50'$  with the horizontal.

d = 9.35 m

10) To find the distance RS across a lake, a surveyor lays off RT = 53.1 m, with angle  $T = 32^{\circ}10'$  and angle  $S = 57^{\circ}50'$ . Find length RS

RS = 33.4 m

11) From a window 30 ft above the street, the angle of elevation to the top of the building across the street is  $50.0^{\circ}$  and the angle of depression to the base of this building is  $20.0^{\circ}$ . Find the height of the building across the street.

128 ft

12) To determine the diameter of the sun, an astronomer might sight with a transit (a device used by surveyors for measuring angles) first to one edge of the sun and then to the other, finding that the included angle equals 32'. Assuming that the distance d from Earth to the sun is 92,919,800 mi, calculate the diameter of the sun.

865,000 mi







