

Unit 1.3

Solving Equations Variable on both Sides

Solve each equation.

1. $5x + 2 = 3x - 6$

$5x + 2 = 3x - 6$

Write the original problem

$5x - (3x) + 2 = 3x - (3x) - 6$

Subtract $3x$ from both side

$2x + 2 = -6$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$2x + 2 - (2) = -6 - (2)$

Subtract 2 from both side

$2x = -8$

Simplify

$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-8}{2}$

Divide by 2 to both side

$x = -4$

Simplify

3. $2x + 4 - x = 4x - 5$

$2x + 4 - x = 4x - 5$

Write the original problem

$x + 4 = 4x - 5$

Combine like terms

$x - x + 4 = 4x - x - 5$

Subtract x from both side

$4 = 3x - 5$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$4 + (5) = 3x - 5 + (5)$

Add 5 to both side

$9 = 3x$

Simplify

$\frac{9}{3} = \frac{3x}{3}$

Divide by 3 to both side

$3 = x$

Simplify

$$5. 2(3 - 2x) = x - 4$$

$$2(3 - 2x) = x - 4$$

Write the original problem

$$2 \cdot (3) + 2 \cdot (-2x) = x - 4$$

Distribute

$$6 - 4x = x - 4$$

Simplify

$$6 - 4x + 4x = x + 4x - 4$$

Add 4x to both side

$$6 = 5x - 4$$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$$6 + (4) = 5x - 4 + (4)$$

Add 4 to both side

$$10 = 5x$$

Simplify

$$\frac{10}{5} = \frac{5x}{5}$$

Divide by 5 to both side

$$2 = x$$

Simplify

$$7. 2(x + 3) = -4(x + 1)$$

$$2(x + 3) = -4(x + 1)$$

Write the original problem

$$2 \cdot (x) + 2 \cdot (3) = -4 \cdot (x) - 4 \cdot (1)$$

Distribute

$$2x + 6 = -4x - 4$$

Simplify

$$2x + (4x) + 6 = -4x + (4x) - 4$$

Add 4x to both side

$$6x + 6 = -4$$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$$6x + 6 - (6) = -4 - (6)$$

Subtract 6 from both side

$$6x = -10$$

Simplify

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{-10}{6}$$

Divide by 6 to both side

$$x = -\frac{5}{3}$$

Simplify

$$9. -[6x - (4x + 8)] = 9 + (6x + 3)$$

$$-[6x - (4x + 8)] = 9 + (6x + 3)$$

Write the original problem

$$-[6x - 1 \cdot (4x) - 1 \cdot (8)] = 9 + 1(6x) + 1(3)$$

Distribute

$$-[6x - 4x - 8] = 9 + 6x + 3$$

Simplify

$$-[2x - 8] = 12 + 6x$$

Combine like terms

$$-1 \cdot (2x) - 1 \cdot (-8) = 12 + 6x$$

Distribute

$$-2x + 8 = 12 + 6x$$

Simplify

$$-2x + (2x) + 8 = 12 + 6x + (2x)$$

Add 2x to both side

$$8 = 12 + 8x$$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$$8 - (12) = 12 - (12) + 8x$$

Subtract 12 from both side

$$-4 = 8x$$

Simplify

$$\frac{-4}{8} = \frac{8x}{8}$$

Divide by 8 to both side

$$-\frac{1}{2} = x$$

Simplify

$$11. 7[2 - (3 + 4x)] - 2x = -9 + 2(1 - 15x)$$

$$7[2 - (3 + 4x)] - 2x = -9 + 2(1 - 15x)$$

Write the original problem

$$7[2 - 1 \cdot (3) - 1 \cdot (4x)] - 2x = -9 + 2 \cdot (1) + 2 \cdot (-15x)$$

Distribute

$$7[2 - 3 - 4x] - 2x = -9 + 2 - 30x$$

Simplify

$$7[-1 - 4x] - 2x = -7 - 30x$$

Combine like terms

$$7 \cdot (-1) + 7 \cdot (-4x) - 2x = -7 - 30x$$

Distribute

$$-7 - 28x - 2x = -7 - 30x$$

Simplify

$$-7 - 30x = -7 - 30x$$

Combine like terms

$$-7 - 30x + (30x) = -7 - 30x + (30x)$$

Add 30x to both side

$$-7 = -7$$

Simplify and Combine like terms

No variables left means:

if statement is FALSE then "No Solution"

if statement is TRUE then "All Real Solutions"

-7 does equal -7, so TRUE

Therefore,

All Real Solutions

$$13. \frac{2x-3}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = -\frac{x}{3}$$

$$\frac{2x-3}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = -\frac{x}{3}$$

Write the original problem

$$21 \cdot \left(\frac{2x-3}{7} + \frac{3}{7} \right) = \left(-\frac{x}{3} \right) \cdot 21$$

Multiply both sides both Least Common Denominator (LCD), 21

$$21 \cdot \left(\frac{2x-3}{7} \right) + 21 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{7} \right) = \left(-\frac{x}{3} \right) \cdot 21$$

Distribute

$$3 \cdot (2x - 3) + 3 \cdot (3) = (-x) \cdot 7$$

Simplify

$$3 \cdot (2x) + 3 \cdot (-3) + 3 \cdot (3) = (-x) \cdot 7$$

Distribute

$$6x - 9 + 9 = -7x$$

Simplify

$$6x = -7x$$

Combine like terms

$$6x + 7x = -7x + (7x)$$

Add 7x to both side

$$13x = 0$$

Simplify

$$\frac{13x}{13} = \frac{0}{13}$$

Divide by 13 to both side

$$x = 0$$

Simplify

$$15. 0.02(50) + 0.08x = 0.04(50 + x)$$

$$0.02(50) + 0.08x = 0.04(50 + x)$$

Write the original problem

$$100 \cdot (0.02(50) + 0.08x) = (0.04(50 + x)) \cdot 100$$

Multiply both sides by 100

$$100 \cdot (0.02(50) + 100 \cdot (0.08x)) = 100 \cdot 0.04(50 + x)$$

Distribute

$$2(50) + 8x = 4(50 + x)$$

Simplify

$$100 + 8x = 4 \cdot (50) + 4 \cdot (x)$$

Distribute

$$100 + 8x = 200 + 4x$$

Simplify

$$100 + 8x - (4x) = 200 + 4x - (4x)$$

Subtract 4x from both side

$$100 + 4x = 200$$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$$100 - (100) + 4x = 200 - (100)$$

Subtract 100 from both side

$$4x = 100$$

Simplify

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{100}{4}$$

Divide by 4 to both side

$$x = 25$$

Simplify

$$17. 0.006(x + 2) = 0.007x + 0.009$$

$$0.006(x + 2) = 0.007x + 0.009$$

Write the original problem

$$1000 \cdot 0.006(x + 2) = (0.007x + 0.009) \cdot 1000$$

Multiply both sides by 1000

$$6(x + 2) = 1000 \cdot (0.007x) + 10000 \cdot (0.009)$$

Distribute

$$6(x + 2) = 7x + 9$$

Simplify

$$6 \cdot (x) + 6 \cdot (2) = 7x + 9$$

Distribute

$$6x + 12 = 7x + 9$$

Simplify

$$6x - (6x) + 12 = 7x - (6x) + 9$$

Subtract 6x from both side

$$12 = x + 9$$

Simplify and Combine like terms

$$12 - (9) = x + 9 - (9)$$

Subtract 9 from both side

$$3 = x$$

Simplify