

Unit 1.1 Angles PRACTICE

Find (a) the complement and (b) the supplement of each angle.

1) 30°

2) 60°

3) 45°

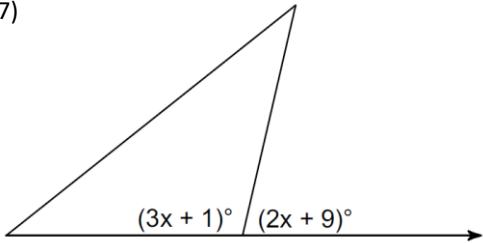
4) 18°

5) 54°

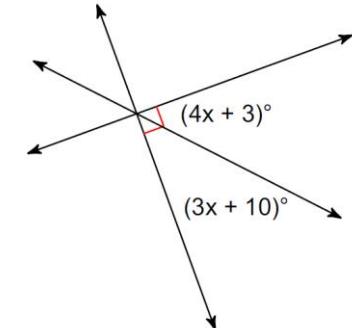
6) 89°

Find the measure of each angle.

7)



8)

9) Supplementary angles with measures $10m + 7$ and $7m + 3$ degrees.10) Supplementary angles with measures $6x - 4$ and $8x - 12$ degrees.11) Complementary angles with measures $9z + 6$ and $3z$ degrees.**Answer each question.**12) If an angle measures x° , how can we represent its complement?13) If an angle measures x° , how can we represent its supplement?**Perform each calculation.**

14) $62^\circ 18' + 21^\circ 41'$

15) $75^\circ 15' + 83^\circ 32'$

16) $71^\circ 18' - 47^\circ 29'$

17) $47^\circ 23' - 73^\circ 48'$

18) $90^\circ - 51^\circ 28'$

19) $180^\circ - 124^\circ 51'$

20) $90^\circ - 72^\circ 58'11''$

21) $90^\circ - 36^\circ 18' 47''$

Convert each angle measure to decimal degrees. Round to the nearest thousandth of a degree.

22) $20^\circ 54'$

23) $38^\circ 42'$

24) $91^\circ 35'54''$

25) $34^\circ 51'35''$

26) $274^\circ 18'59''$

27) $165^\circ 51'9''$

Convert each angle measure to degrees, minutes, and seconds.

28) 31.4296°

29) 59.0854°

30) 89.9004°

31) 102.3771°

32) 178.5994°

33) 122.6853°

Find the angle of smallest positive measure coterminal with each angle.

34) -40°

35) -98°

36) -125°

37) -203°

38) 539°

39) 699°

40) 850°

41) 1000°

Write an expression that generates all angles coterminal with each angle. Let n represent any integer.

42) 30°

43) 45°

44) 135°

45) 270°

46) -90°

47) -135°

48) Concept check:

Which two of the following are not coterminal with r° ?

A) $360^\circ + r^\circ$

B) $r^\circ - 360^\circ$

C) $360^\circ - r^\circ$

D) $r^\circ + 180^\circ$