

Unit 1.1 Angles PRACTICE

Find (a) the complement and (b) the supplement of each angle.

1) 30°

(a) 60°

(b) 150°

2) 60°

(a) 30°

(b) 120°

3) 45°

(a) 45°

(b) 135°

4) 18°

(a) 72°

(b) 162°

5) 54°

(a) 36°

(b) 126°

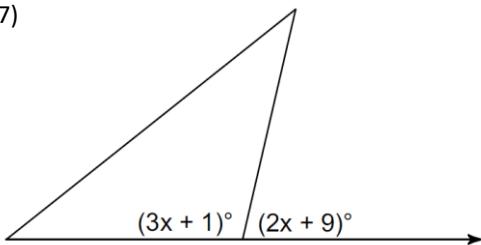
6) 89°

(a) 1°

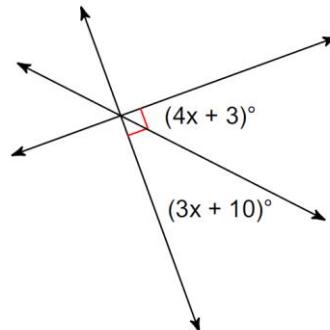
(b) 91°

Find the measure of each angle.

7)



8)



103° , and 77°

47° , and 43°

9) Supplementary angles with measures $10m + 7$ and $7m + 3$ degrees.

107° , and 73°

10) Supplementary angles with measures $6x - 4$ and $8x - 12$ degrees.

80° , and 100°

11) Complementary angles with measures $9z + 6$ and $3z$ degrees.

69° , and 21°

Answer each question.12) If an angle measures x° , how can we represent its complement?

$(90 - x)^\circ$

13) If an angle measures x° , how can we represent its supplement?

$(180 - x)^\circ$

Perform each calculation.

14) $62^\circ 18' + 21^\circ 41'$

$83^\circ 59'$

15) $75^\circ 15' + 83^\circ 32'$

$158^\circ 47'$

16) $71^\circ 18' - 47^\circ 29'$

$23^\circ 49'$

17) $47^\circ 23' - 73^\circ 48'$

$-26^\circ 25'$

18) $90^\circ - 51^\circ 28'$

$38^\circ 32'$

19) $180^\circ - 124^\circ 51'$

$55^\circ 9'$

20) $90^\circ - 72^\circ 58'11''$

$17^\circ 1'49''$

21) $90^\circ - 36^\circ 18' 47''$

$53^\circ 41'13''$

Convert each angle measure to decimal degrees. Round to the nearest thousandth of a degree.

22) $20^\circ 54'$
 20.900°

23) $38^\circ 42'$
 38.700°

24) $91^\circ 35'54''$
 91.598°

25) $34^\circ 51'35''$
 34.860°

26) $274^\circ 18'59''$
 274.316°

27) $165^\circ 51'9''$
 165.853°

Convert each angle measure to degrees, minutes, and seconds.

28) 31.4296°
 $31^\circ 25'47''$

29) 59.0854°
 $59^\circ 5'7''$

30) 89.9004°
 $89^\circ 54'1''$

31) 102.3771°
 $102^\circ 22'38''$

32) 178.5994°
 $178^\circ 35'58''$

33) 122.6853°
 $122^\circ 41'7''$

Find the angle of smallest positive measure coterminal with each angle.

34) -40°
 320°

35) -98°
 262°

36) -125°
 235°

37) -203°
 157°

38) 539°
 179°

39) 699°
 339°

40) 850°
 130°

41) 1000°
 280°

Write an expression that generates all angles coterminal with each angle. Let n represent any integer.

42) 30°
 $30^\circ + n \cdot 360^\circ$

43) 45°
 $45^\circ + n \cdot 360^\circ$

44) 135°
 $135^\circ + n \cdot 360^\circ$

45) 270°
 $270^\circ + n \cdot 360^\circ$

46) -90°
 $-90^\circ + n \cdot 360^\circ$

47) -135°
 $-135^\circ + n \cdot 360^\circ$

48) Concept check:

Which two of the following are not coterminal with r° ?

A) $360^\circ + r^\circ$
C and D

B) $r^\circ - 360^\circ$

C) $360^\circ - r^\circ$

D) $r^\circ + 180^\circ$