## Notes 10.2 Matrix Translations

Given $\triangle A B C$ with vertices at $A(3,6), B(-1,4), C(0,-2)$ $\triangle A B C$ can be written as a matrix as shown here:

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
3 & -1 & 0 \\
6 & 4 & -2
\end{array}\right]
$$

To better understand how each number was placed Here is the matrix with labels:

$$
\left.\begin{array}{ccc}
A & B & C \\
x \\
y & {\left[\begin{array}{cc}
3 & -1
\end{array}\right.} \\
6 & 4 & -2
\end{array}\right]
$$

A matrix rule for a translation would be written as so:
Translate: 5 units left and 3 units up
This would give the new matrix for $\Delta A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$
$\left[\begin{array}{ccc}-2 & -6 & -5 \\ 9 & 7 & 1\end{array}\right]$

To better understand how each number was placed Here is the matrix with labels:

| $A^{\prime}$ | $B^{\prime}$ | $C^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ccc}3 & -1 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & -2\end{array}\right]$ |  |

